

# Exceedances of critical limits of nitrogen in European soils

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a Life+ co-financed project for  
the "Further Development and  
Implementation of an EU-level  
Forest Monitoring System".



The project coordination centre  
is situated at the Institute for  
World Forestry, Hamburg,  
Germany.



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## Methods

Collector: lysimeter



- In total > 2000 lysimeters in more than 300 plots
- Different kind of forests on different kind of soils → different critical limits on different plots



**Table 5-1:** Specific critical limits for nitrogen concentration in soil solution in different forest types (UNECE, 2007)

Effect	Chemical Criterion	Receptor
Nutrient imbalances	> 0.2 mg N / 1 soil solution	Coniferous forests
	> 0.4 mg N / 1 soil solution	Deciduous forests
Elevated N leaching / N saturation	> 1 mg N / 1 soil solution	All forest types
Reduced fine root biomass / root lenght	1 – 3 mg N / 1 soil solution	All forest types
Enhanced sensitivity to frost and fungal diseases	3 – 5 mg N / 1 soil solution	All forest types

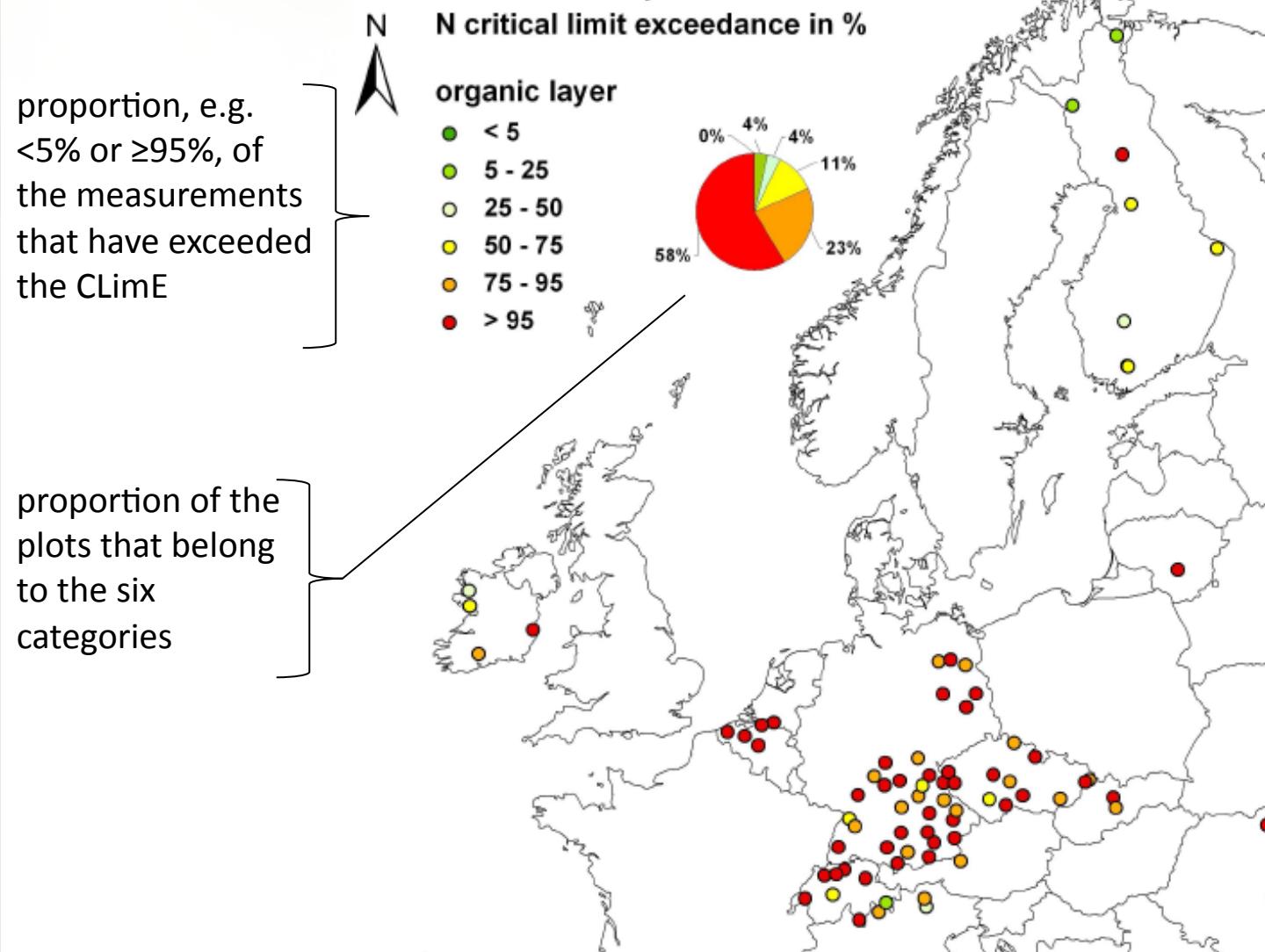
- In total > 2000 lysimeters in more than 300 plots
- Different kind of forests on different kind of soils → different critical limits on different plots
- Maps represent frequency of exceedances of critical limits (instead of absolute concentrations)
- Lysimeters on different depths on different soil types →
  - Aggregation into three classes:
    - Organic layer (7% of the samplers)
    - Mineral topsoil (0-40 cm depth, 51%)
    - Mineral subsoil (>40 cm, 42 %)



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## Results

CLimE for: nutrient imbalances ( $>0.2 / 0.4 \text{ mg l}^{-1}$ )

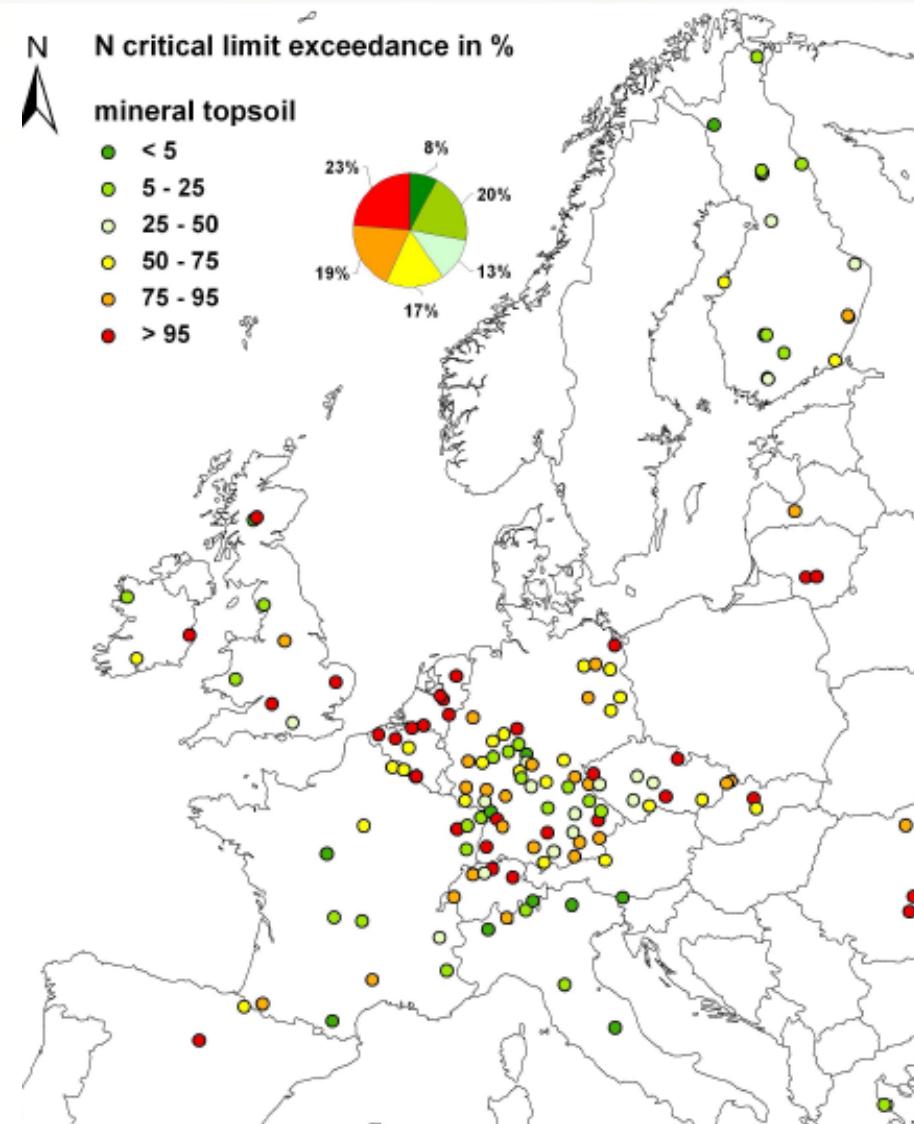




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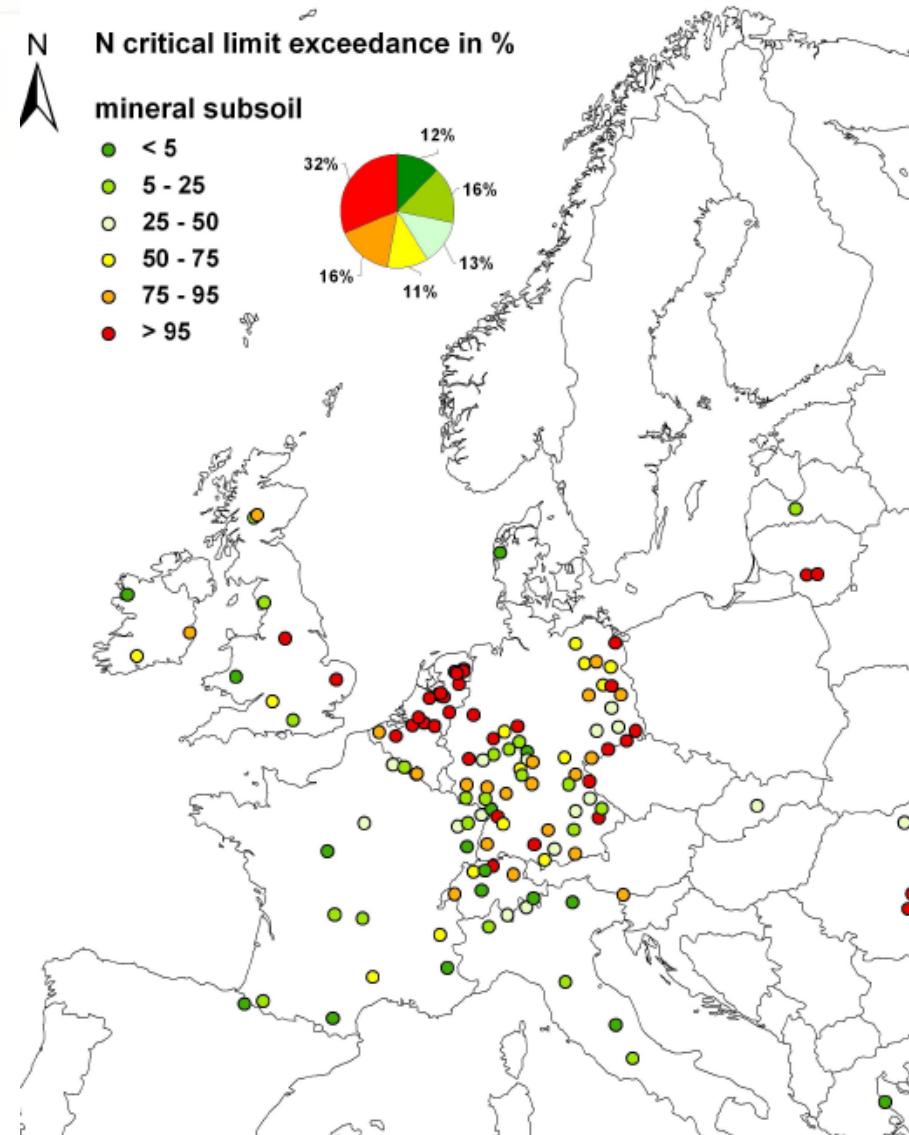


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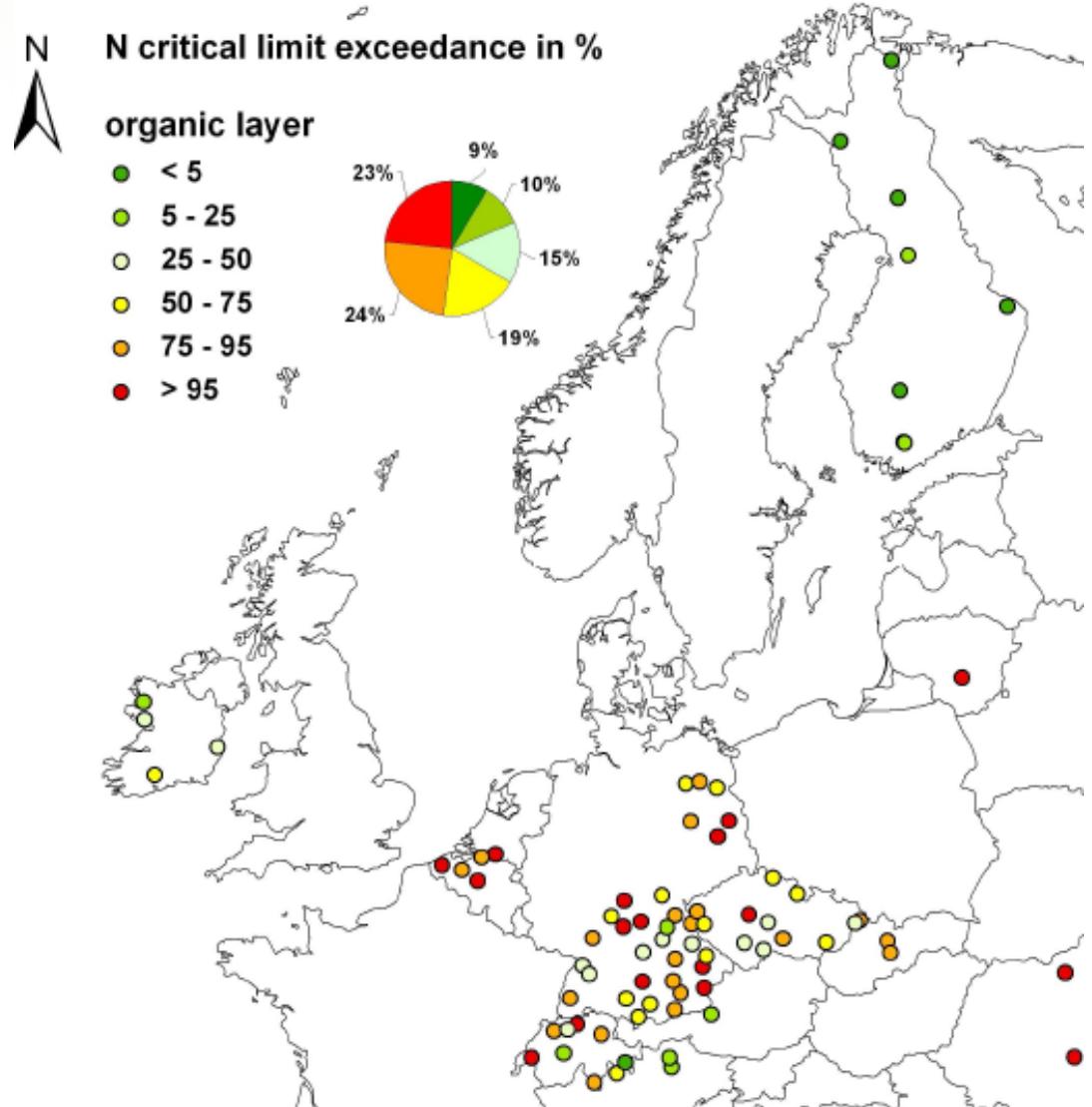


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## Results



CLimE for: N leaching / saturation ( $>1 \text{ mg l}^{-1}$ )

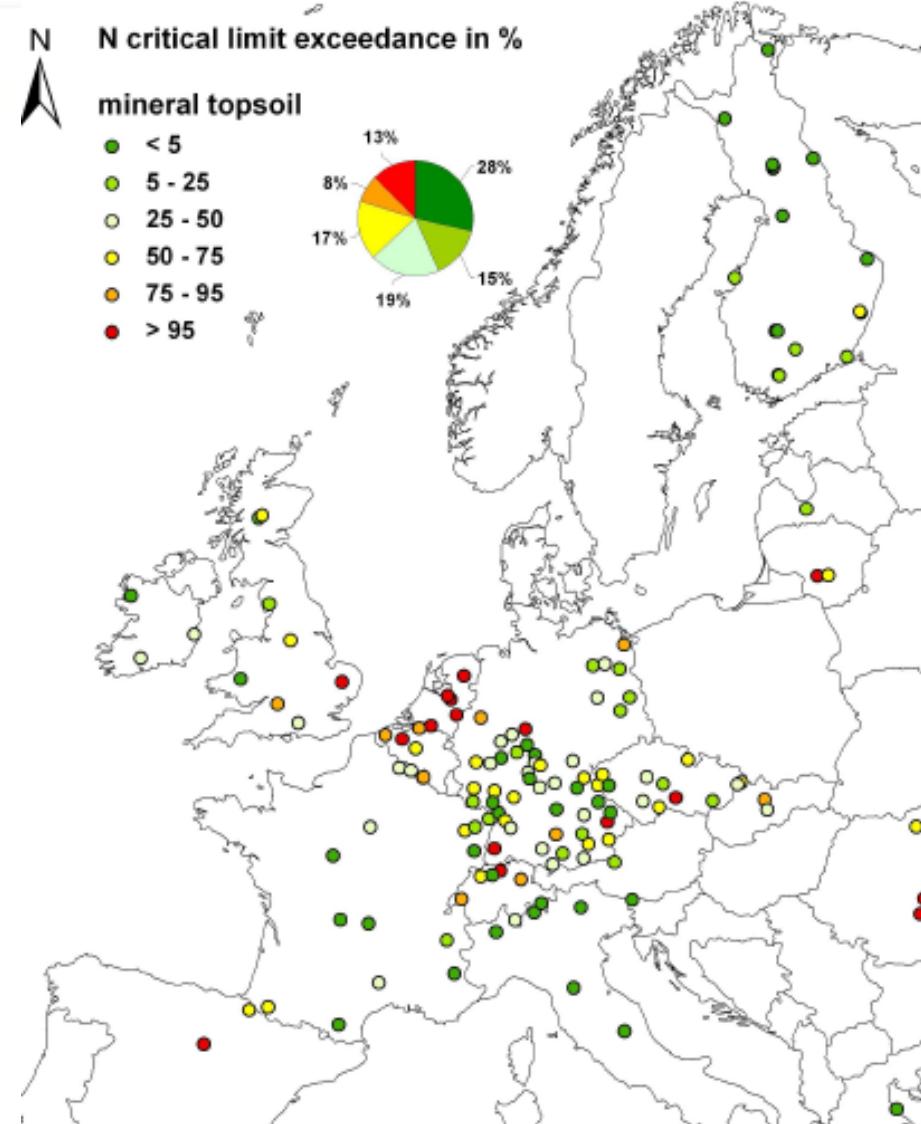




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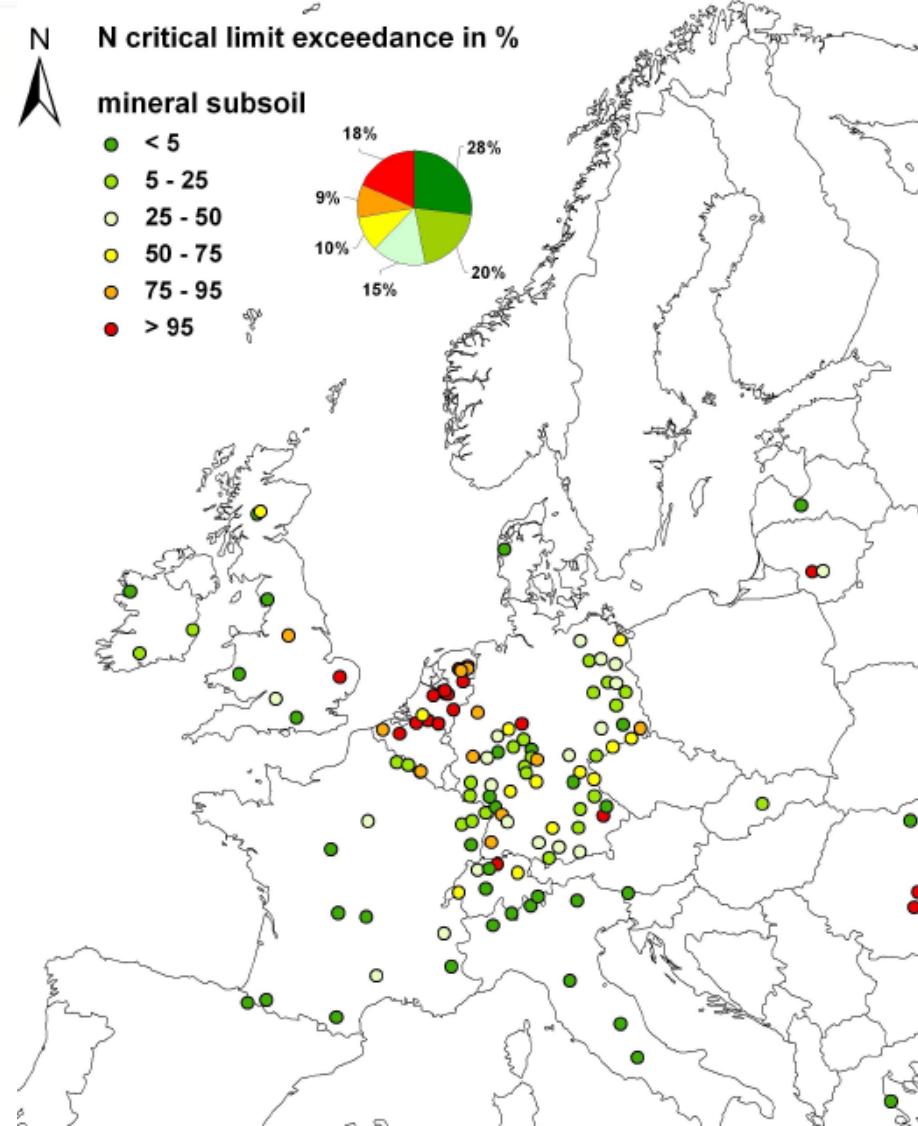




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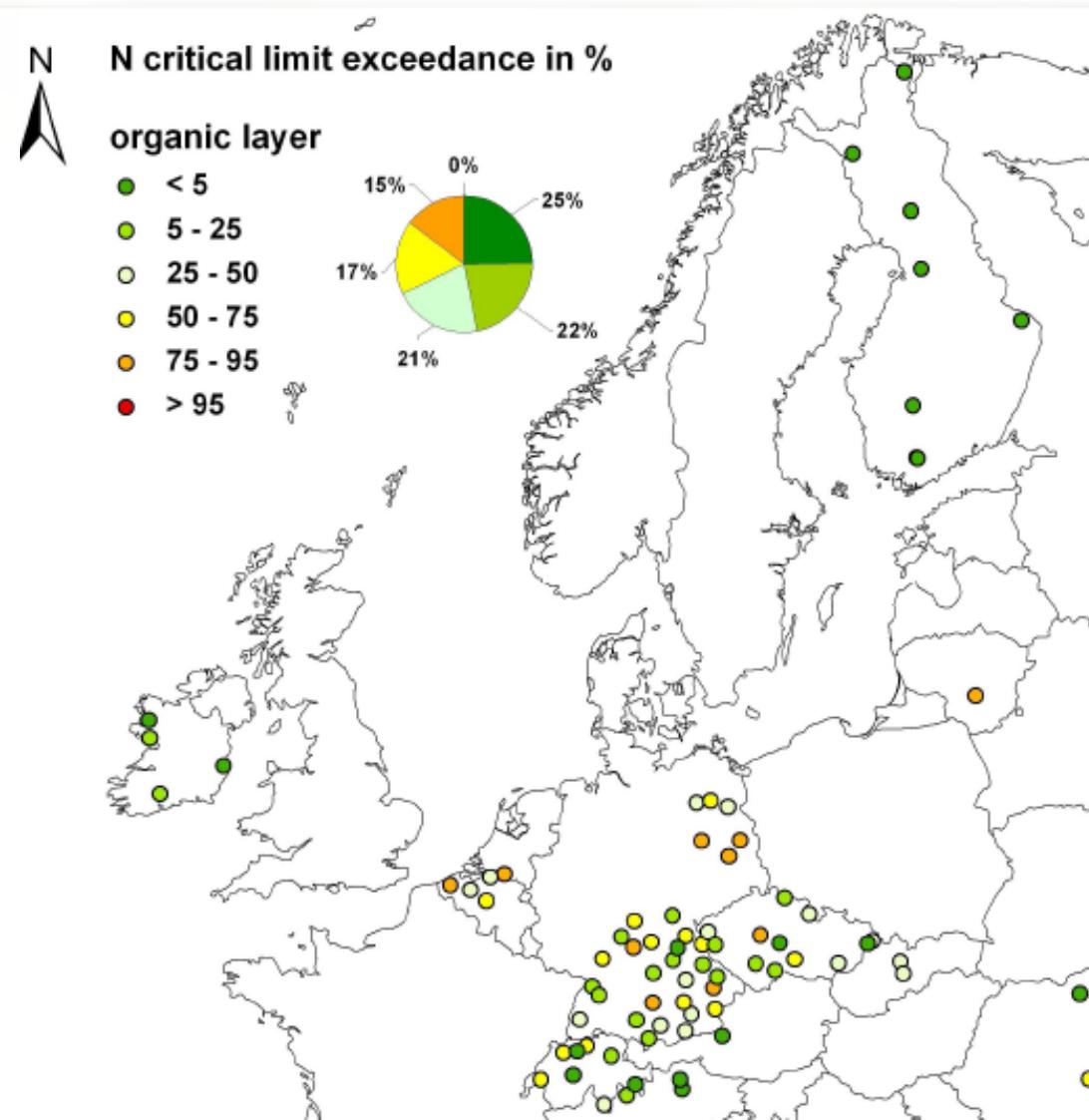




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## Results

CLimE for: reduced fine root biomass ( $>1\text{-}3 \text{ mg l}^{-1}$ )

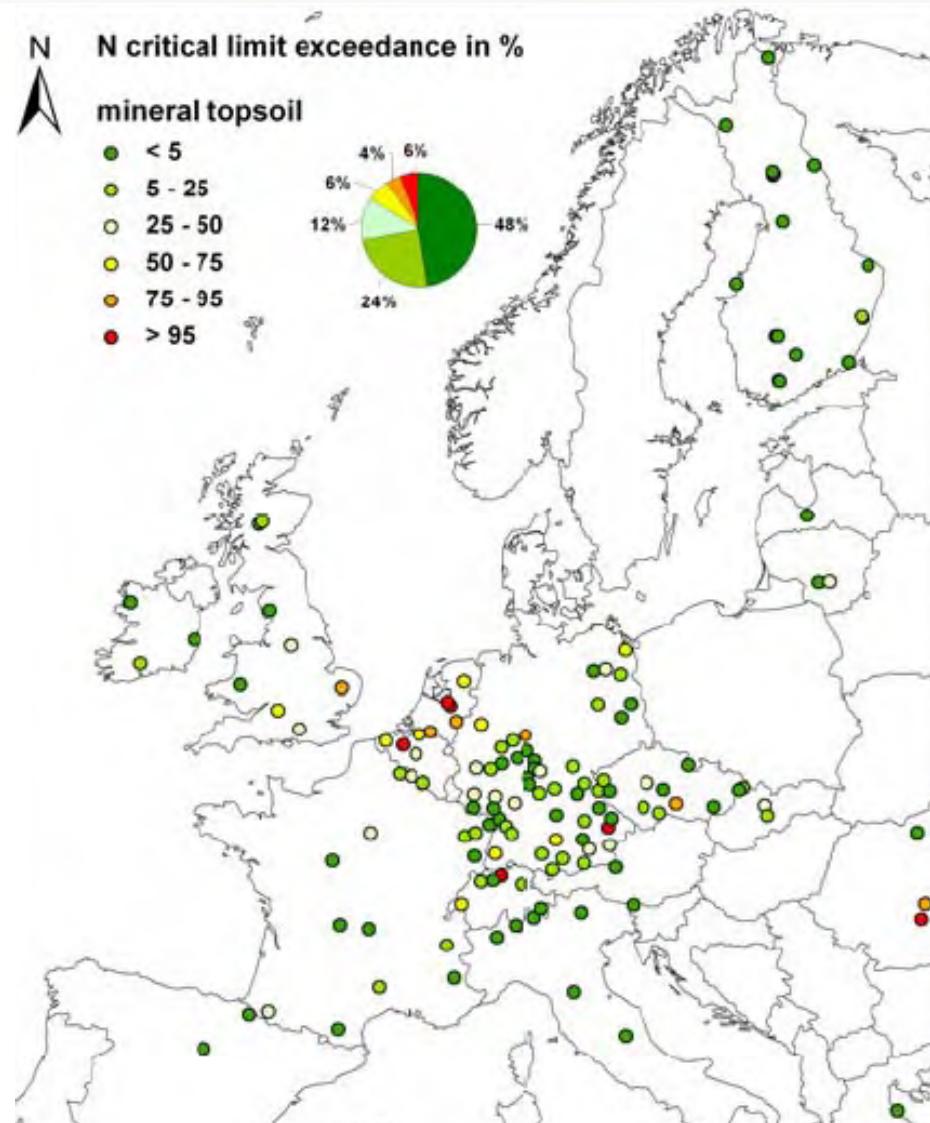




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## Results

CLimE for: reduced fine root biomass ( $>1-3 \text{ mg l}^{-1}$ )

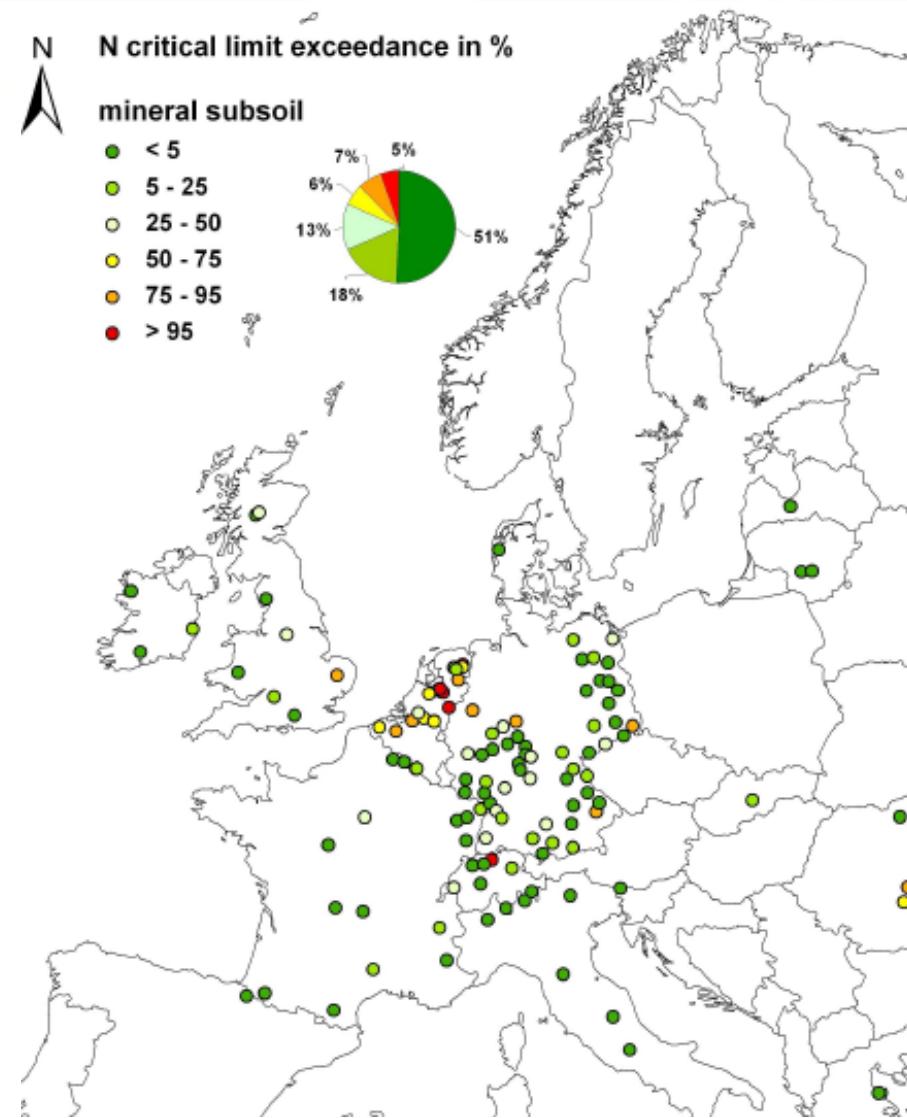




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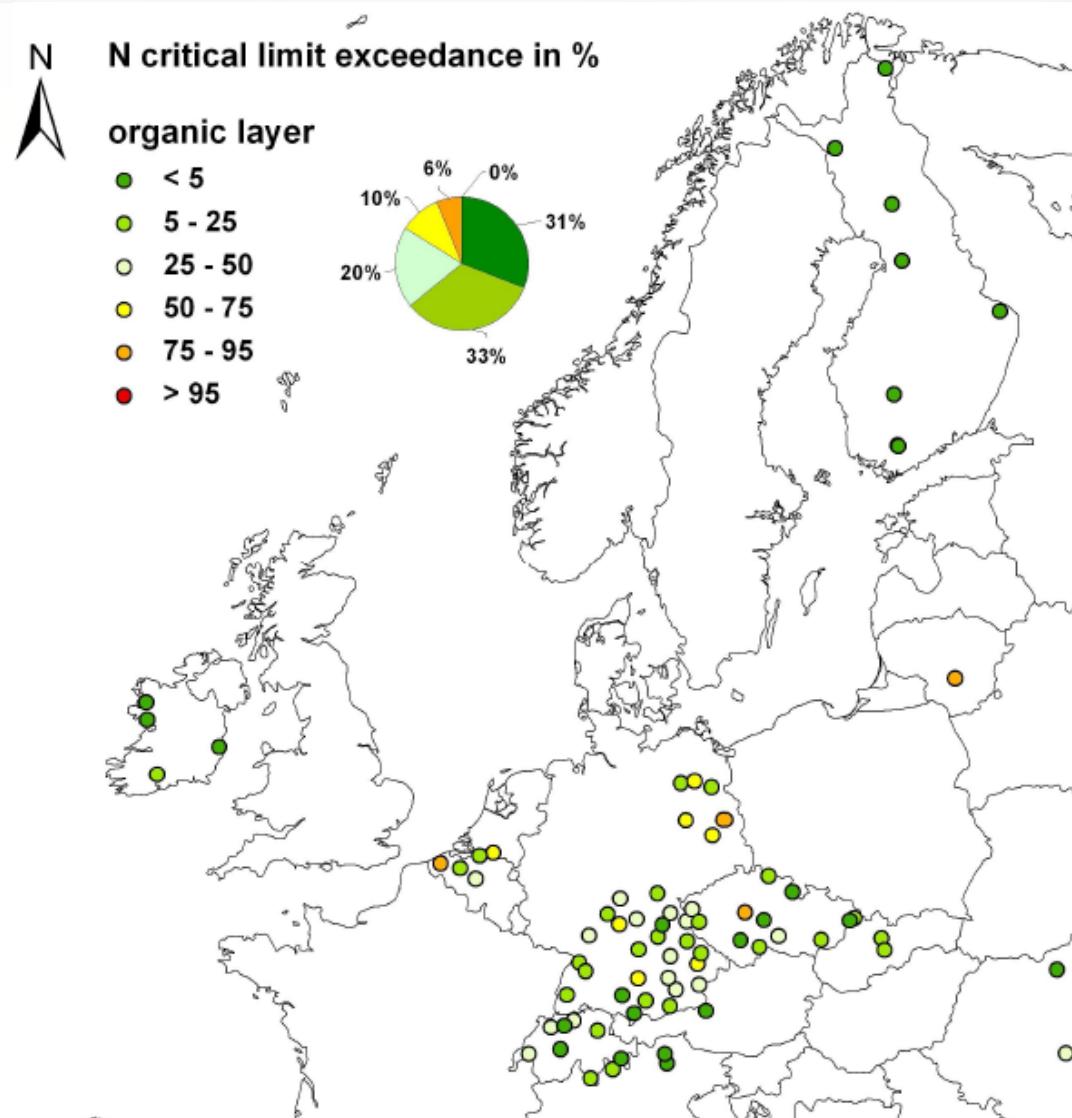


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## Results



CLimE for: enhanced sensitivity to frost and fungi (>3-5 mg l<sup>-1</sup>)



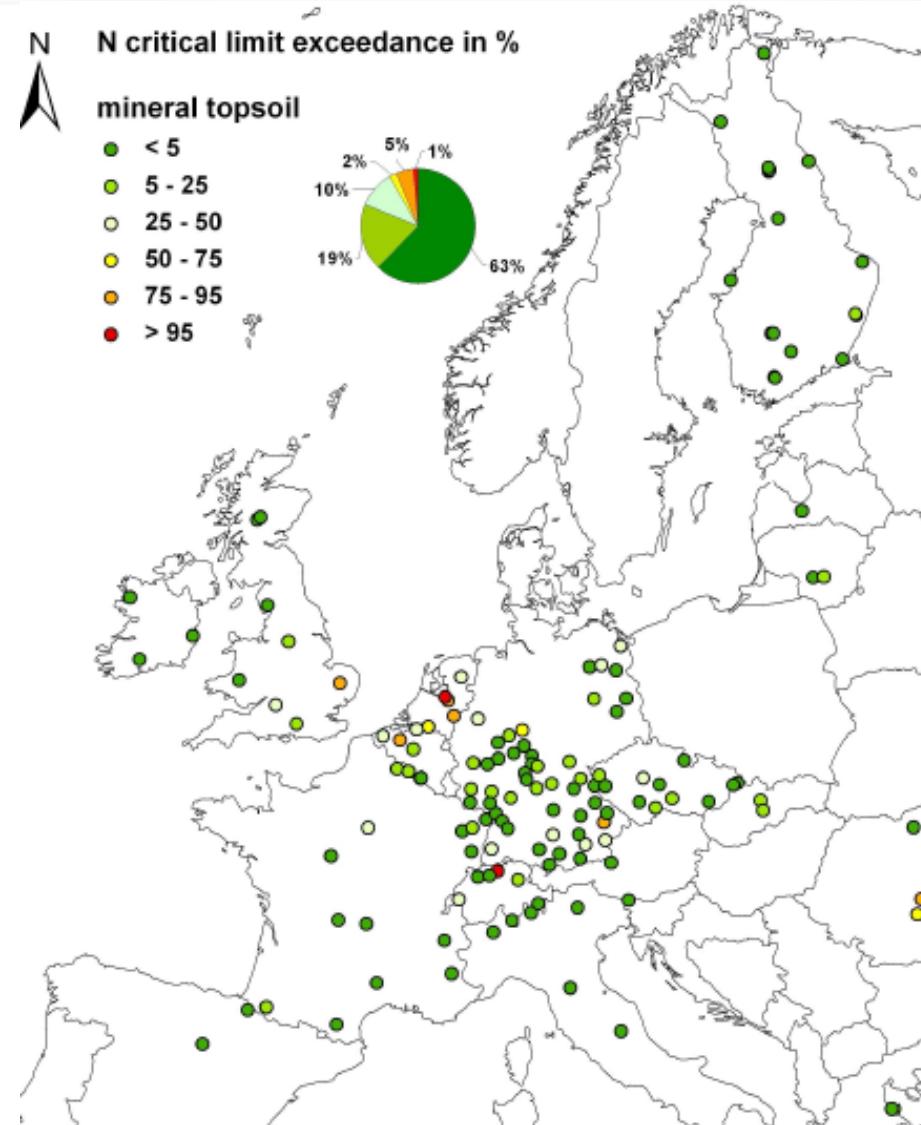


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## Results



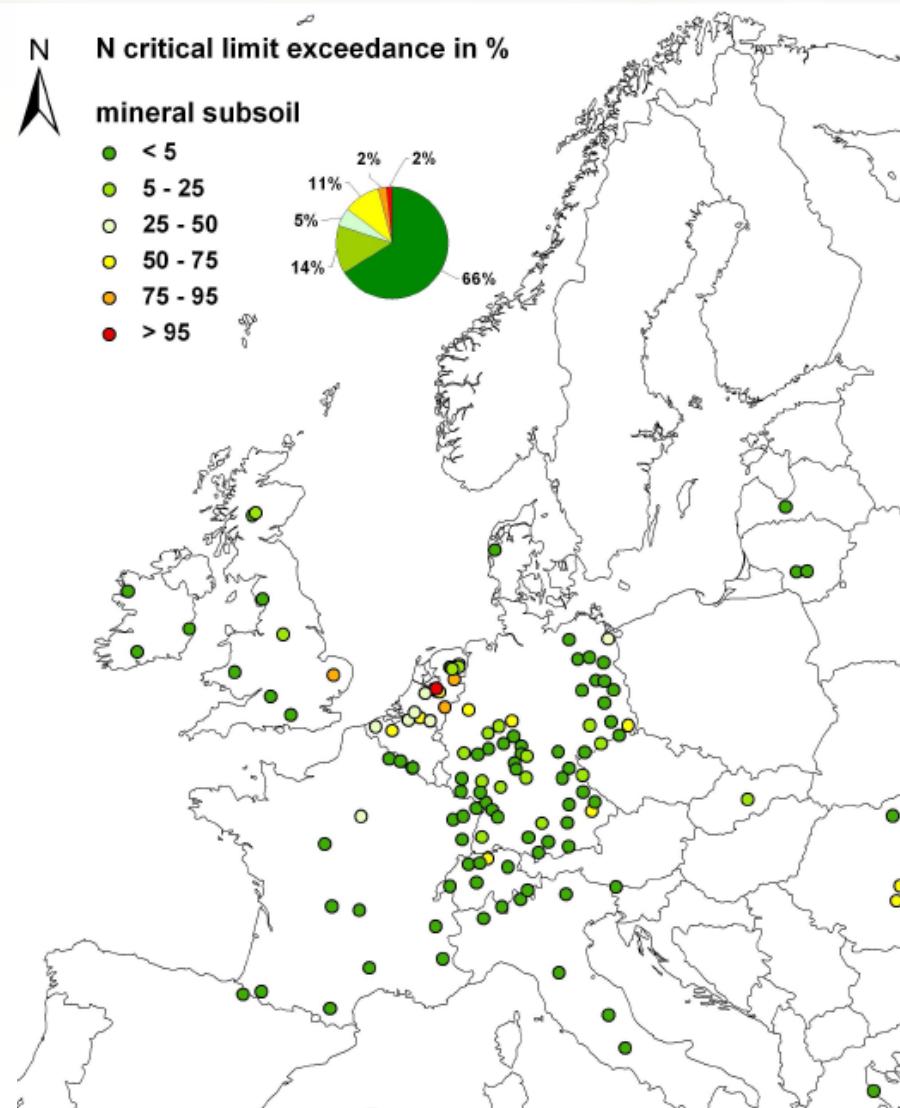
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## Results



CLimE for: enhanced sensitivity to frost and fungi ( $>3-5 \text{ mg l}^{-1}$ )



- In large parts of Europe CLimE for nutrient imbalances and for N leaching found even in mineral subsoil (> 40 cm deep)
  - Only inorganic N was studied (nitrate & ammonium), including organic N might reveal much more worrying picture
    - Where in Europe?
    - What is the role of organic N?
- Needs in-depth investigations e.g. in FutMon core-plots



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**Thank you for your attention!**